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Renesas Technology Corp.
Customer Support Dept.
April 1, 2003

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HM62V16256C Series

4 M SRAM (256-kword × 16-bit)



ADE-203-1099G (Z)
Rev. 4.0
Jul. 31, 2002

Description

The Hitachi HM62V16256C Series is 4-Mbit static RAM organized 262,144-word × 16-bit. HM62V16256C Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing CMOS process technology (6-transistor memory cell). It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in standard 44-pin plastic TSOPII.

Features

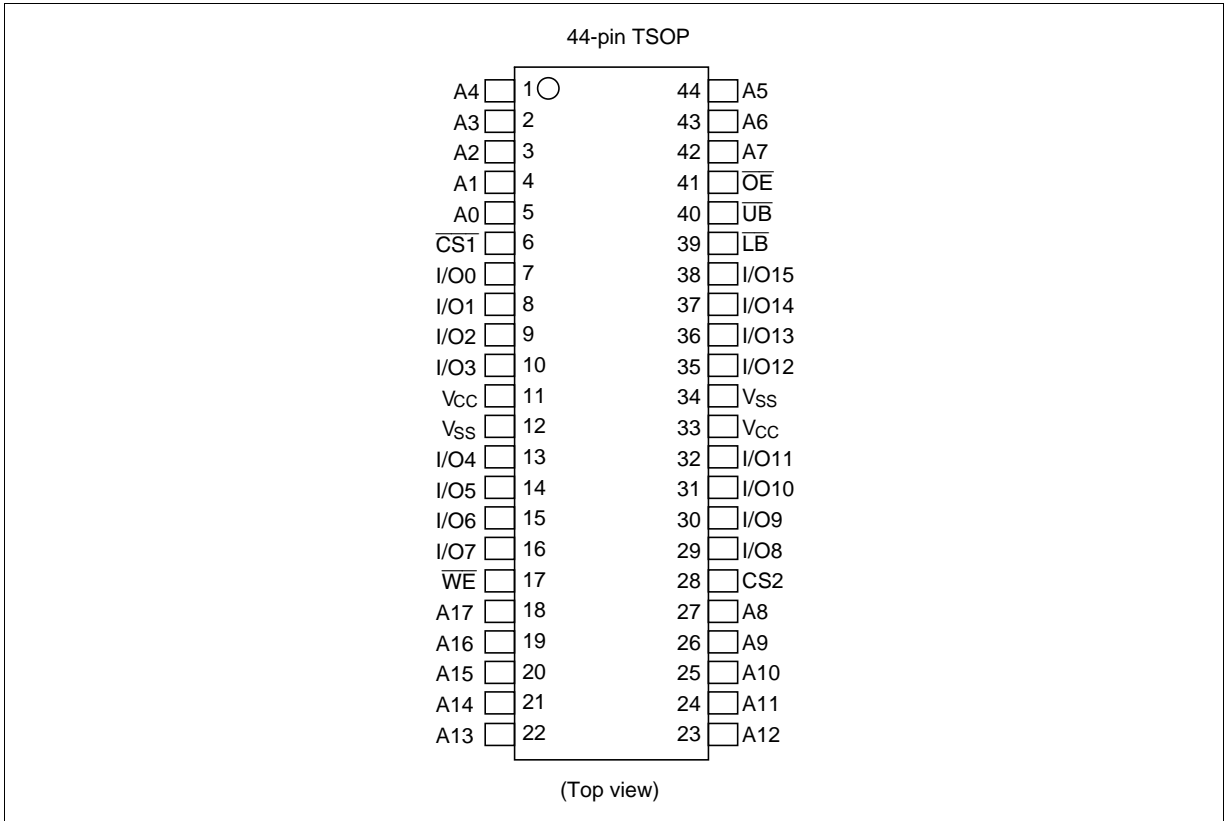
- Single 2.5 V and 3.0 V supply: 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- Fast access time: 55 ns (max)
- Power dissipation:
 - Active: 5.0 mW/MHz (typ)($V_{CC} = 2.5$ V)
: 6.0 mW/MHz (typ) ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
 - Standby: 2 μ W (typ) ($V_{CC} = 2.5$ V)
: 2.4 μ W (typ) ($V_{CC} = 3.0$ V)
- Completely static memory.
 - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
 - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
 - 2 chip selection for battery backup

HM62V16256C Series

Ordering Information

| Type No. | Access time | Package |
|--------------------|-------------|---|
| HM62V16256CLTT-5 | 55 ns | 400-mil 44-pin plastic TSOPII (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DB) |
| HM62V16256CLTT-5SL | 55 ns | |

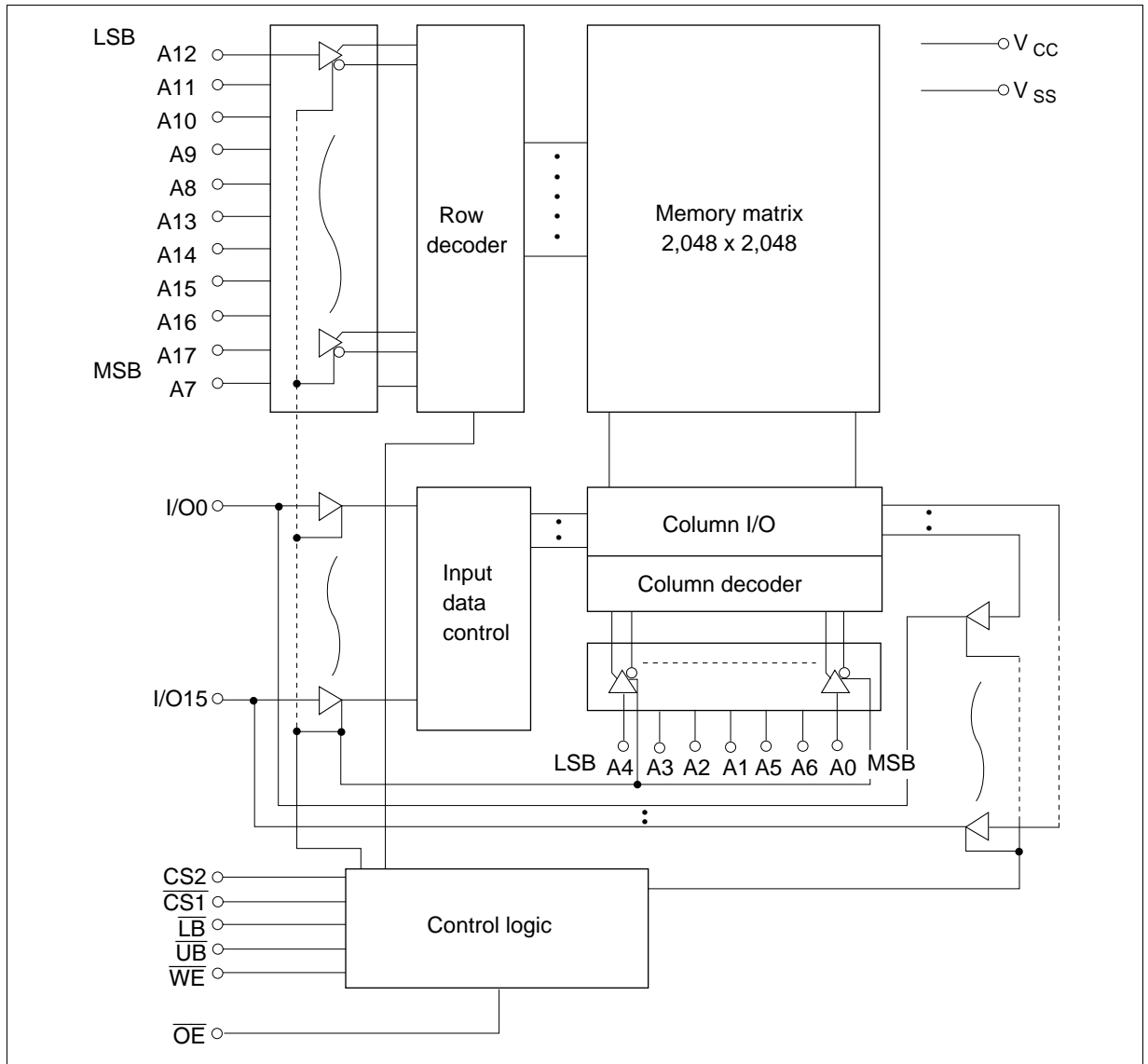
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

| Pin name | Function |
|------------------|-------------------|
| A0 to A17 | Address input |
| I/O0 to I/O15 | Data input/output |
| $\overline{CS1}$ | Chip select 1 |
| $\overline{CS2}$ | Chip select 2 |
| \overline{WE} | Write enable |
| \overline{OE} | Output enable |
| \overline{LB} | Lower byte select |
| \overline{UB} | Upper byte select |
| V_{CC} | Power supply |
| V_{SS} | Ground |

Block Diagram



Operation Table

| CS1 | CS2 | WE | OE | UB | LB | I/O0 to I/O7 | I/O8 to I/O15 | Operation |
|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| H | × | × | × | × | × | High-Z | High-Z | Standby |
| × | L | × | × | × | × | High-Z | High-Z | Standby |
| × | × | × | × | H | H | High-Z | High-Z | Standby |
| L | H | H | L | L | L | Dout | Dout | Read |
| L | H | H | L | H | L | Dout | High-Z | Lower byte read |
| L | H | H | L | L | H | High-Z | Dout | Upper byte read |
| L | H | L | × | L | L | Din | Din | Write |
| L | H | L | × | H | L | Din | High-Z | Lower byte write |
| L | H | L | × | L | H | High-Z | Din | Upper byte write |
| L | H | H | H | × | × | High-Z | High-Z | Output disable |

Note: H: V_{IH} , L: V_{IL} , ×: V_{IH} or V_{IL}

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|----------|--|------|
| Power supply voltage relative to V_{SS} | V_{CC} | -0.5 to +4.6 | V |
| Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V_{SS} | V_T | -0.5 ^{*1} to $V_{CC} + 0.3$ ^{*2} | V |
| Power dissipation | P_T | 1.0 | W |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | -55 to +125 | °C |
| Storage temperature range under bias | Tbias | -20 to +85 | °C |

Notes: 1. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width \leq 30 ns.
2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------|---------|-----|----------------|------|---|
| Supply voltage | V_{CC} | 2.2 | 2.5/3.0 | 3.6 | V | | |
| | V_{SS} | 0 | 0 | 0 | V | | |
| Input high voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.2$ V to 2.7 V | V_{IH} | 2.0 | — | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V | |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.7$ V to 3.6 V | V_{IH} | 2.0 | — | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V | |
| Input low voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.2$ V to 2.7 V | V_{IL} | -0.2 | — | 0.4 | V | 1 |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.7$ V to 3.6 V | V_{IL} | -0.3 | — | 0.6 | V | 1 |
| Ambient temperature range | T_a | -20 | — | 70 | °C | | |

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width \leq 30 ns.

DC Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ* ¹ | Max | Unit | Test conditions |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------|-----|---------------|--|
| Input leakage current | $ I_{LI} $ | — | — | 1 | μA | $V_{in} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| Output leakage current | $ I_{LO} $ | — | — | 1 | μA | $\overline{CS1} = V_{IH}$ or $CS2 = V_{IL}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ or $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} = V_{IH}$, $V_{IO} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} |
| Operating current | I_{CC} | — | 5 | 20 | mA | $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$, Others = V_{IH}/V_{IL} , $I_{IO} = 0 \text{ mA}$ |
| Average operating current | I_{CC1} | — | 8 | 25 | mA | Min. cycle, duty = 100%, $I_{IO} = 0 \text{ mA}$, $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$, Others = V_{IH}/V_{IL} |
| | I_{CC2} | — | 2 | 5 | mA | Cycle time = 1 μs , duty = 100%, $I_{IO} = 0 \text{ mA}$, $\overline{CS1} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{IL} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ |
| Standby current | I_{SB} | — | 0.1 | 0.3 | mA | $CS2 = V_{IL}$ |
| Standby current | I_{SB1}^{*2} | — | 0.5 | 20 | μA | $0 \text{ V} \leq V_{in}$ (1) $0 \text{ V} \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ or (2) $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$, $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or (3) $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $CS2 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $\overline{CS1} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ |
| | I_{SB1}^{*3} | — | 0.5 | 10 | μA | |
| Output high voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V | V_{OH} | 2.0 | — | V | $I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$ |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V_{OH} | 2.4 | — | V | $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$ |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V_{OH} | $V_{CC} - 0.2$ | — | V | $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$ |
| Output low voltage | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V | V_{OL} | — | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V_{OL} | — | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V | V_{OL} | — | 0.2 | V | $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$ |

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}/3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version.

3. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

Capacitance ($T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)

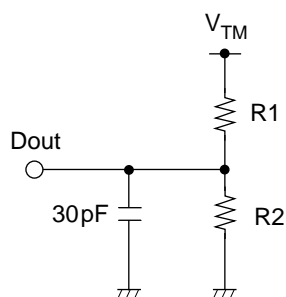
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test conditions | Note |
|--------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Input capacitance | C_{in} | — | — | 8 | pF | $V_{in} = 0\text{ V}$ | 1 |
| Input/output capacitance | $C_{i/o}$ | — | — | 10 | pF | $V_{i/o} = 0\text{ V}$ | 1 |

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70°C, V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

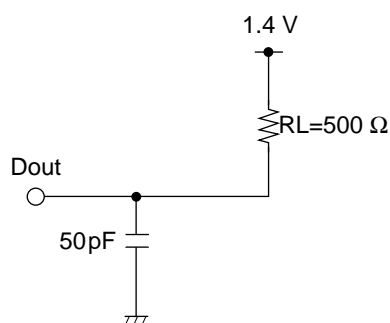
Test Conditions

- Input pulse levels: V_{IL} = 0.4 V, V_{IH} = 2.0 V (V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)
V_{IL} = 0.4 V, V_{IH} = 2.2 V (V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input timing reference levels: 1.1 V (V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)
- Output timing reference levels: 1.1 V (V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)
- Input timing reference levels: 1.4 V (V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- Output timing reference levels: 1.4 V (V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



R1 = 3070 Ω
R2 = 3150 Ω
V_{TM} = 2.3 V

Output load (A)
(V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)



Output load (B)
(V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)

Read Cycle

| Parameter | Symbol | HM62V16256C | | Unit | Notes |
|---|------------|-------------|-----|------|---------|
| | | -5 | | | |
| | | Min | Max | | |
| Read cycle time | t_{RC} | 55 | — | ns | |
| Address access time | t_{AA} | — | 55 | ns | |
| Chip select access time | t_{ACS1} | — | 55 | ns | |
| | t_{ACS2} | — | 55 | ns | |
| Output enable to output valid | t_{OE} | — | 35 | ns | |
| Output hold from address change | t_{OH} | 10 | — | ns | |
| \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} access time | t_{BA} | — | 55 | ns | |
| Chip select to output in low-Z | t_{CLZ1} | 10 | — | ns | 2, 3 |
| | t_{CLZ2} | 10 | — | ns | 2, 3 |
| \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} enable to low-z | t_{BLZ} | 5 | — | ns | 2, 3 |
| Output enable to output in low-Z | t_{OLZ} | 5 | — | ns | 2, 3 |
| Chip deselect to output in high-Z | t_{CHZ1} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2, 3 |
| | t_{CHZ2} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2, 3 |
| \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} disable to high-Z | t_{BHZ} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2, 3 |
| Output disable to output in high-Z | t_{OHZ} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2, 3 |

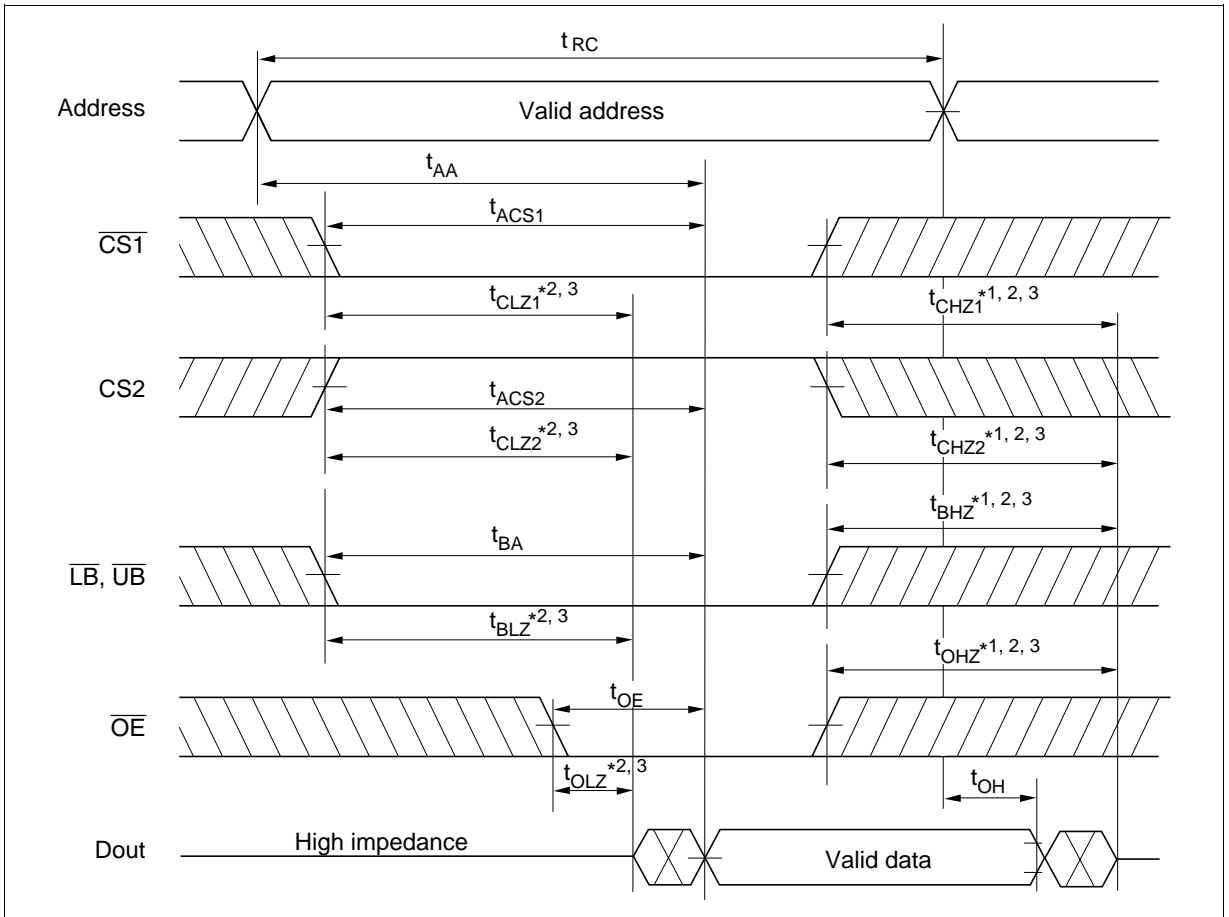
Write Cycle

| Parameter | Symbol | HM62V16256C | | Unit | Notes |
|---|-----------|-------------|-----|------|-------|
| | | -5 | | | |
| | | Min | Max | | |
| Write cycle time | t_{WC} | 55 | — | ns | |
| Address valid to end of write | t_{AW} | 50 | — | ns | |
| Chip selection to end of write | t_{CW} | 50 | — | ns | 5 |
| Write pulse width | t_{WP} | 40 | — | ns | 4 |
| \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} valid to end of write | t_{BW} | 50 | — | ns | |
| Address setup time | t_{AS} | 0 | — | ns | 6 |
| Write recovery time | t_{WR} | 0 | — | ns | 7 |
| Data to write time overlap | t_{DW} | 25 | — | ns | |
| Data hold from write time | t_{DH} | 0 | — | ns | |
| Output active from end of write | t_{OW} | 5 | — | ns | 2 |
| Output disable to output in High-Z | t_{OHZ} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2 |
| Write to output in high-Z | t_{WHZ} | 0 | 20 | ns | 1, 2 |

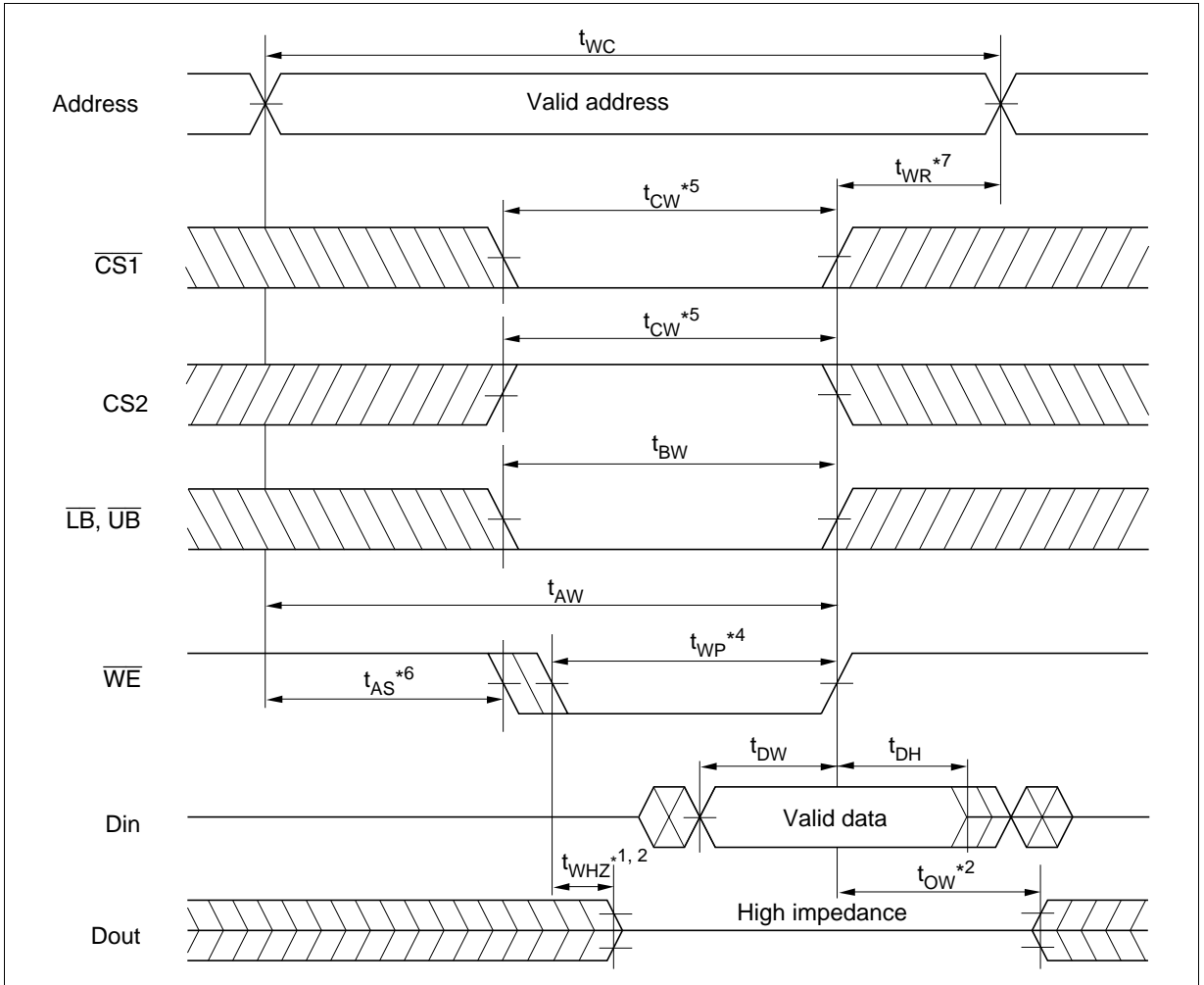
- Notes:
- t_{CHZ} , t_{OHZ} , t_{WHZ} and t_{BHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.
 - This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
 - At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} max is less than t_{LZ} min both for a given device and from device to device.
 - A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS1}$, a high CS2, a low \overline{WE} and a low \overline{LB} or a low \overline{UB} . A write begins at the latest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going low, CS2 going high, \overline{WE} going low and \overline{LB} going low or \overline{UB} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going high, CS2 going low, \overline{WE} going high and \overline{LB} going high or \overline{UB} going high. t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
 - t_{CW} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS1}$ going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
 - t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
 - t_{WR} is measured from the earliest of $\overline{CS1}$ or \overline{WE} going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

Timing Waveform

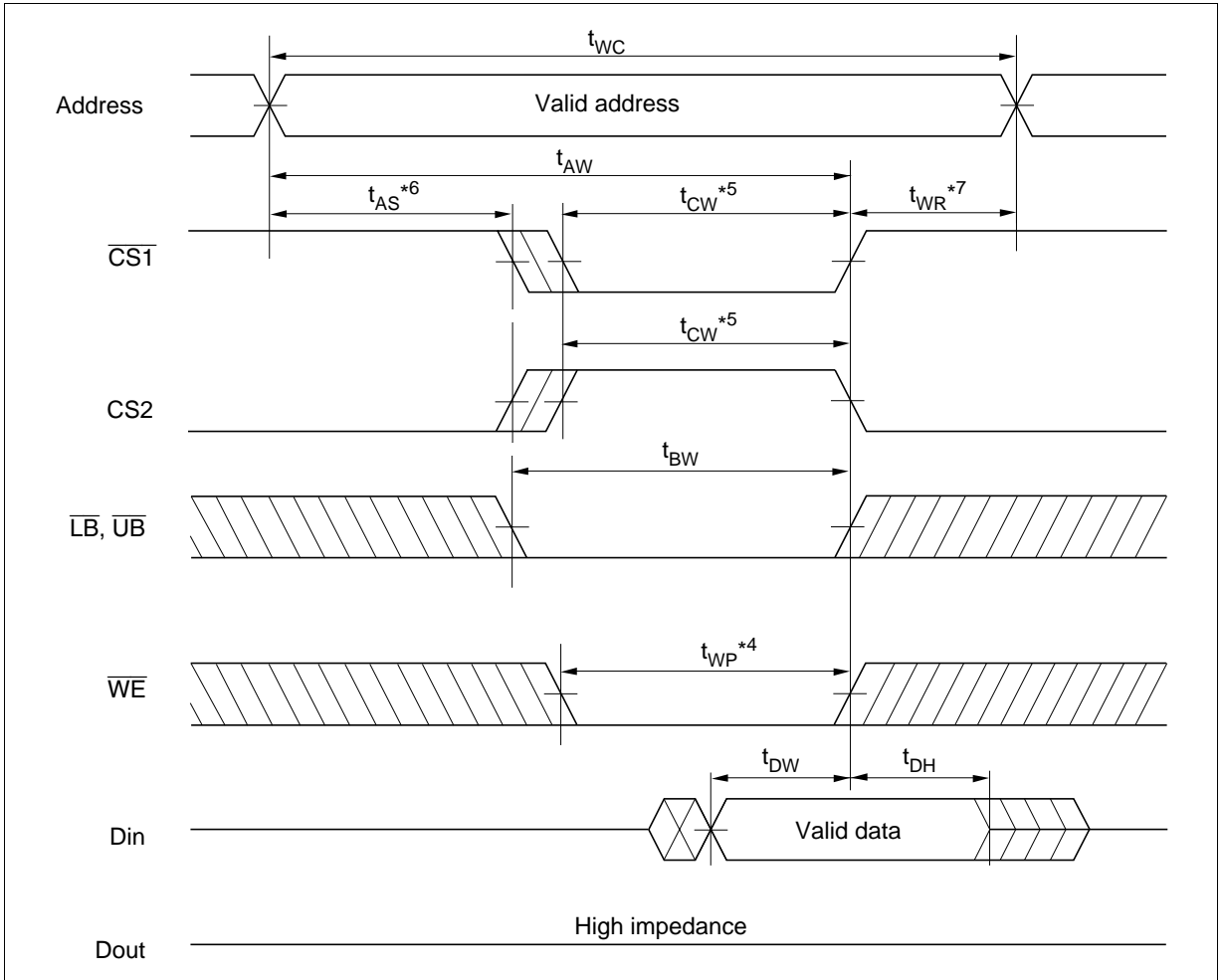
Read Cycle



Write Cycle (1) ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ Clock)

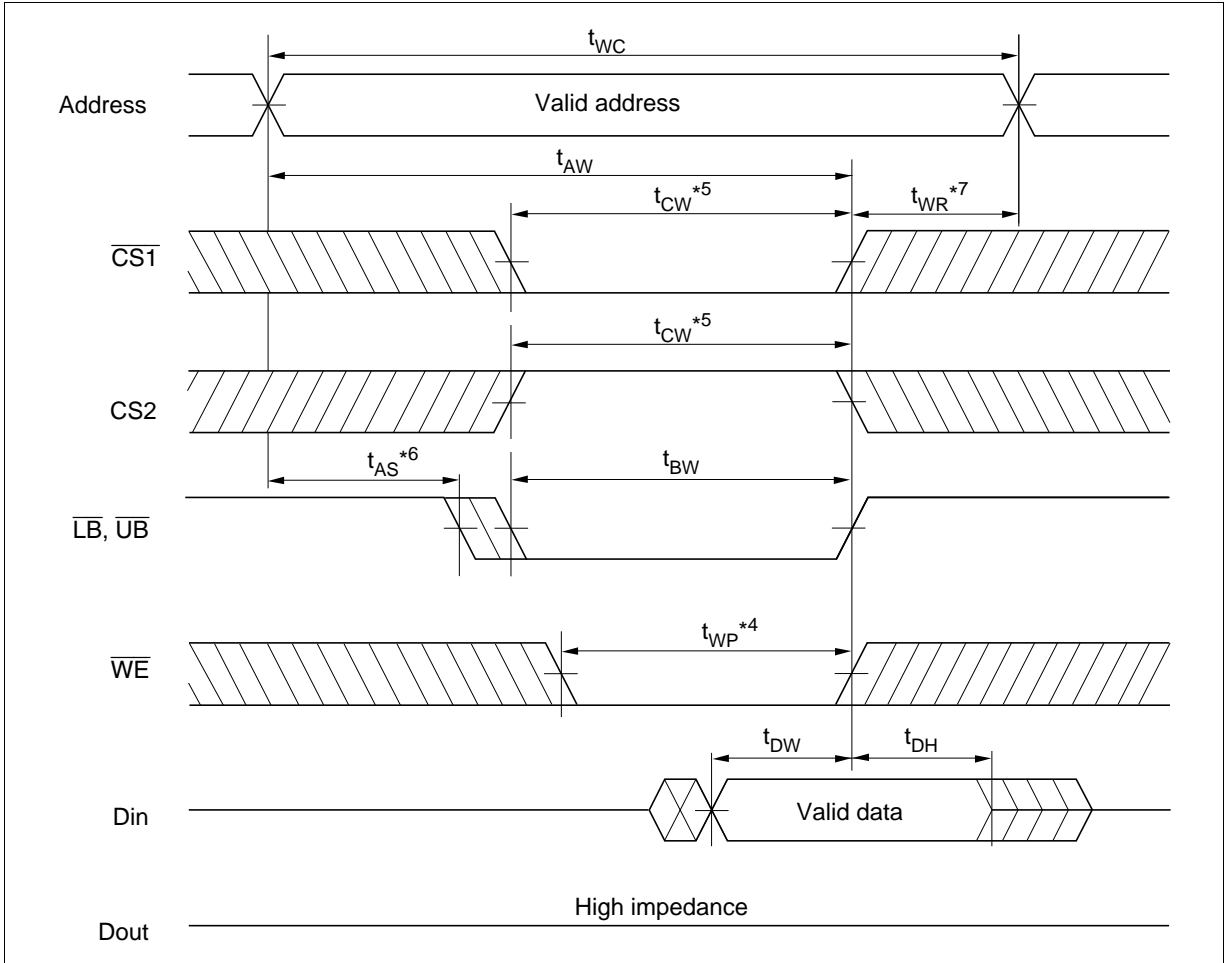


Write Cycle (2) ($\overline{\text{CS}}$ Clock, $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$)



HM62V16256C Series

Write Cycle (3) ($\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ Clock, $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$)

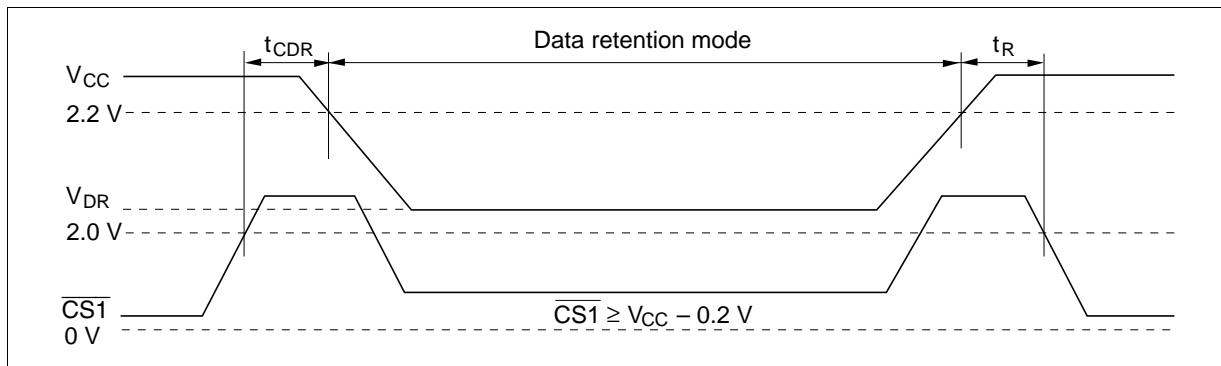


Low V_{CC} Data Retention Characteristics ($T_a = -20$ to $+70^\circ\text{C}$)

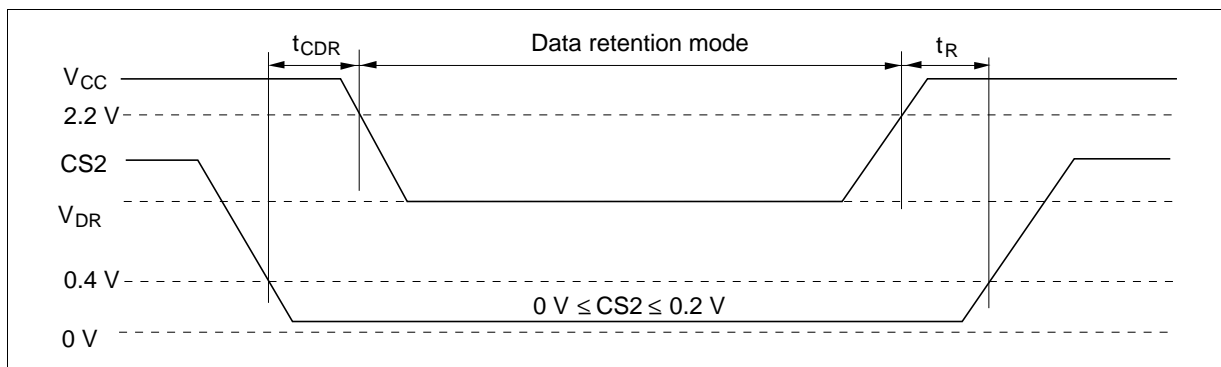
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typ* ⁴ | Max | Unit | Test conditions* ³ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|-----|---------------|---|
| V_{CC} for data retention | V_{DR} | 2.0 | — | 3.6 | V | $V_{in} \geq 0V$ (1) $0V \leq \overline{CS2} \leq 0.2V$ or (2) $\overline{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or (3) $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $\overline{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $\overline{CS1} \leq 0.2V$ |
| Data retention current | I_{CCDR}^{*1} | — | 0.5 | 20 | μA | $V_{CC} = 3.0V$, $V_{in} \geq 0V$ (1) $0V \leq \overline{CS2} \leq 0.2V$ or (2) $\overline{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $\overline{CS1} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or (3) $\overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $\overline{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $\overline{CS1} \leq 0.2V$ |
| | I_{CCDR}^{*2} | — | 0.5 | 10 | μA | |
| Chip deselect to data retention time | t_{CDR} | 0 | — | — | ns | See retention waveform |
| Operation recovery time | t_R | t_{RC}^{*5} | — | — | ns | |

- Notes:
1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version, 10 μA max. at $T_a = -20$ to $+40^\circ\text{C}$.
 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version, 3 μA max. at $T_a = -20$ to $+40^\circ\text{C}$.
 3. CS2 controls address buffer, \overline{WE} buffer, $\overline{CS1}$ buffer, \overline{OE} buffer, \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, V_{in} levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , $\overline{CS1}$, \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} , I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If $\overline{CS1}$ controls data retention mode, CS2 must be $\overline{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $0V \leq \overline{CS2} \leq 0.2V$. The other input levels (address, \overline{WE} , \overline{OE} , \overline{LB} , \overline{UB} , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
 4. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.0V$, $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.
 5. t_{RC} = read cycle time.

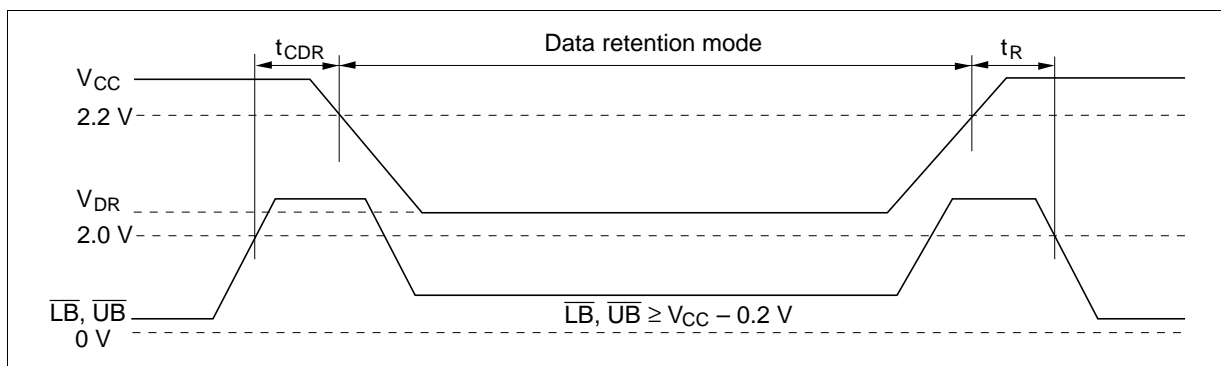
Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ($\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)



Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (2) ($CS2$ Controlled)



Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (3) (\overline{LB} , \overline{UB} Controlled)

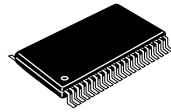
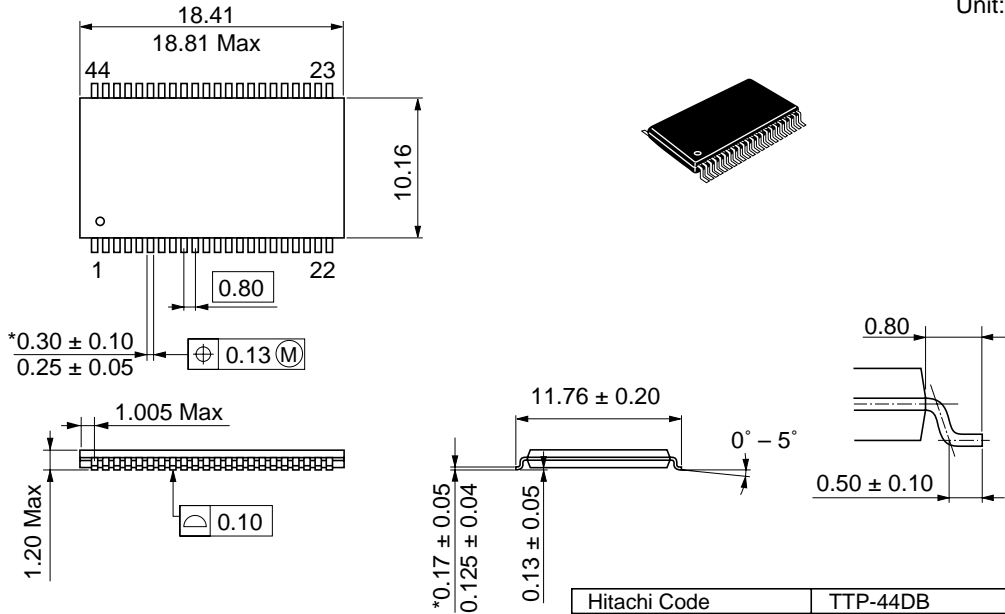


Package Dimensions

HM62V16256CLTT Series (TTP-44DB)

As of January, 2002

Unit: mm



*Dimension including the plating thickness
Base material dimension

| | |
|------------------------|----------|
| Hitachi Code | TTP-44DB |
| JEDEC | — |
| JEITA | — |
| Mass (reference value) | 0.43 g |

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